



NEW AGE METALS INC.

Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Nine months ended 31 January 2026 and 2025
(Unaudited)
(An Exploration Stage Company)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of New Age Metals Inc. (the "Company") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. The unaudited consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and reflect management's best estimates and judgment based on information currently available.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of condensed consolidated interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

New Age Metals Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	As at 31 January 2026	As at 30 April 2025 (Audited)
ASSETS		\$	\$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	4,130,422	3,078,857
Amounts receivable	6	267,239	211,593
Short-term investments	7	1,849,597	569,854
Prepaid expenses		112,334	80,342
		6,359,592	3,940,646
Exploration and evaluation properties	8	10,911,713	9,196,112
Equipment	9	117,612	26,127
Right-of-use asset	10	42,846	68,565
Total assets		17,431,763	13,231,450
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	11	149,218	74,001
Due to related party	16	38,602	16,550
Lease liability – current portion	10	38,679	38,679
		226,499	129,230
Lease liability – non current portion	10	12,200	39,924
Total liabilities		238,699	169,154
Equity			
Share capital	12	46,757,686	46,129,362
Reserves	12	21,662,637	18,202,726
Deficit		(51,227,258)	(51,269,792)
Total equity		17,193,065	13,062,296
Total equity and liabilities		17,431,763	13,231,450

Corporate Information and Going Concern (Note 1), Commitments and Contingencies (Note 18)
and Subsequent Events (Note 20)

APPROVED BY THE BOARD:

“Harry Barr”

Director

“Curt Freeman”

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

New Age Metals Inc.

Consolidated Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

For the three months and nine months ended 31 January 2026 and 2025

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	Three months ended 31 January 2026	Three months ended 31 January 2025	Nine months ended 31 January 2026	Nine months ended 31 January 2025
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Expenses					
Accounting and audit		-	2,500	1,000	2,500
Bank charges and interest		1,539	856	6,377	2,434
Consulting fees	16	172,315	50,442	315,409	198,449
Depreciation	9	29,328	11,373	50,394	34,119
Insurance, license & fees		10,917	10,544	36,543	39,516
Management fees	16	65,578	64,839	196,486	202,491
Marketing and communications		23,137	3,750	83,454	26,127
Office and miscellaneous		67,340	15,577	142,291	70,076
Rent		10,298	198	16,091	5,316
Salaries		37,565	35,948	129,054	106,078
Telephone and utilities		847	1,745	7,998	7,538
Transfer agent and regulatory fees		24,882	15,063	99,451	48,368
Travel, lodging and food		40,940	23,532	82,203	36,971
Loss before other items		(484,686)	(236,366)	(1,166,751)	(779,983)
Other items					
Foreign exchange gain		(41,659)	10,314	(37,549)	9,140
Gain on sale of short-term investments		-	-	110,764	-
Interest income		-	-	668	-
Finance costs		(1,074)	(1,796)	(3,776)	(5,900)
Unrealized gain on short-term investments		618,902	-	1,121,400	-
Loss on disposal of equipment		(22,207)	-	(22,207)	17,172
Net gain (loss) and comprehensive loss		69,276	(227,848)	2,549	(759,571)
Loss per share					
Basic	13	0.001	(0.004)	0.000	(0.014)
Diluted	13	0.001	(0.004)	0.000	(0.014)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

New Age Metals Inc.
Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows
For the nine months ended 31 January 2026 and 2025
(Unaudited)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	Nine months ended	
		31 January 2026	31 January 2025
		\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income (loss) before tax		2,549	(759,571)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	9	50,394	34,119
Gain on sale of short-term investments		(110,764)	-
Share issued for mineral properties		182,900	-
Loss on disposal of equipment		22,207	-
Unrealized gain on short term investments	7	(1,121,400)	-
Non cash interest		3,776	5,900
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital			
(Increase) decrease in amounts receivable		(55,646)	3,058,381
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(31,992)	65,828
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities		97,250	(1,725,016)
Cash from (used) in operating activities		(960,726)	679,641
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash spent on exploration and evaluation properties	8	(1,675,598)	(151,544)
Cost recovery on exploration and evaluation properties		-	317,466
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		(138,367)	-
Purchase of short-term investments		(185,760)	-
Proceeds from sale short-term investments		138,181	-
Cash from (used) in investing activities		(1,861,544)	165,922
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuance of common shares, (net)	12	3,905,335	-
Payment of lease liability	12	(31,500)	(31,500)
Cash used from financing activities		(3,873,835)	(31,500)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,051,565	814,063
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of period		3,078,857	2,311,181
Cash and cash equivalents – end of period		4,130,422	3,125,244

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 17)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

New Age Metals Inc.

Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026 and 2025

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Number of shares	Share capital	Share- based payments reserve	Warrant reserve	Deficit	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balances, 30 April 2024	55,559,259	46,129,362	4,865,101	13,337,625	(50,759,973)	13,572,115
Shares issued for						
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exercise of options	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(759,571)	(759,571)
Balances, 31 January 2025	55,559,259	46,129,362	4,865,101	13,337,625	(51,519,544)	12,812,544
Balances, 30 April 2025	55,559,259	46,129,362	4,865,101	13,337,625	(51,229,807)	13,102,281
Shares issued for						
Cash	16,993,005	3,913,303	-	86,697	-	4,000,000
Mineral properties	342,298	182,900	-	-	-	182,900
Value assigned to warrants	-	(3,373,214)	-	3,373,214	-	-
Share issue cost	-	(94,665)	-	-	-	(94,665)
Net income (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	2,549	2,549
Balances, 31 January 2026	72,894,562	46,757,686	4,865,101	16,797,536	(51,227,258)	17,193,065

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION AND GOING CONCERN

New Age Metals Inc. (the “Company” or “NAM”) was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) on 29 May 1996 and on 13 July 2004, the Company continued out of the Province of Alberta and into the Province of British Columbia. The Company’s stock is trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSXV”) under the symbol of “NAM”. The Company is in the process of acquiring, exploring and developing platinum group metals (“PGMs”), precious and base metals mineral properties and green metals lithium. The Company will attempt to bring the properties to production, structure joint ventures with others, option or lease properties to third parties, or sell the properties outright. The Company has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves which are economically recoverable and the Company is considered to be in the exploration stage.

The Company’s head office, principal address and records office are located at Suite 101 - 2148 West 38th Avenue, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6M 1R9.

On 26 August 2024, the Company consolidated its issued and outstanding common shares on the basis of one post-consolidated common share for every four pre-consolidated common shares. The share consolidation has been applied retrospectively and as a result shares, options, warrants and per share amounts are stated on an adjusted basis.

1.1 Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) applicable to a going concern which assumes that the Company will be able to continue its operations and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future.

Several conditions cast significant doubt on the validity of this assumption and ultimately the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles related to a going concern. From inception to date, the Company has incurred losses from operations, earned no revenues and has experienced negative cash flows from operating activities.

The Company had a comprehensive income of \$2,549 for the period ended 31 January 2026 (2025: \$759,571). The Company has not yet achieved profitable operations. The Company has, since inception, accumulated a deficit to 31 January 2026 of \$51,227,258 (30 April 2025: \$51,269,792) and management cannot provide assurance that the Company will ultimately achieve profitable operations or become cash flow positive, or raise additional debt and/or equity capital.

As at 31 January 2026, the Company had \$4,130,422 (30 April 2025: \$3,078,857) in cash and cash equivalents.

The Company does not currently have revenue-generating properties.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

The Company will require additional funding to be able to meet ongoing requirements for general operations and to advance and retain mineral exploration and evaluation property interests. The Company's continuing operations and the underlying value and recoverability of the amounts shown for mineral properties are entirely dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable mineral reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of its mineral property interests, and on future profitable production from or proceeds from the disposition of its mineral property interests. These material uncertainties cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Management has been successful in obtaining sufficient funding for operating, exploration and capital requirements from the inception of the Company to date. There is, however, no assurance that additional future funding will be available to the Company, or that it will be available on terms which are acceptable to the management of the Company.

If the Company is unable to raise additional capital in the immediate future, management expects that the Company will need to further curtail operations, liquidate assets, seek additional capital on less favourable terms and/or pursue other remedial measures including ceasing operations.

These consolidated financial statements do not reflect any adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of expenses and balance sheet classifications that would be necessary if the going concern assumption was not appropriate and such adjustments could be material.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are those entities controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control is obtained to the date control ceases. All inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

The subsidiaries of the Company as at 31 January 2026 and 2025 are listed below:

Name	Country of incorporation	% equity interest as at	
		31 January 2026	30 Apr 2025
Subsidiaries			
Pacific North West Capital Corp. USA ⁽¹⁾	United States	100%	100%
Lithium Canada Development Inc. ("LCD") ⁽¹⁾	Canada	100%	100%

(1) Inactive entities.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

2.2 Basis of presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value, as explained in Note 16, and are presented in Canadian dollars, except where otherwise indicated.

2.3 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (“IAS”) 34, ‘*Interim Financial Reporting*’ using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”).

2.4 Adoption of new and revised standards and interpretations

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

3. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company’s consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management’s experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgment relate to the fair value measurements for financial instruments and share-based payments, the recognition and valuation of provisions for decommissioning liabilities, the carrying value of exploration and evaluation properties, the valuation of all liability and equity instruments including warrants and stock options, the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities and ability to continue as a going concern. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements within the next financial year are discussed below:

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Exploration and evaluation expenditures

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgment in determining the point at which a property has economically recoverable resources, in which case subsequent exploration costs and the costs incurred to develop the property are capitalized into development assets. The determination may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss in the year when new information becomes available.

Determining whether to test for impairment of mineral exploration properties and deferred exploration assets requires management's judgment regarding the following factors, among others: the period for which the entity has the right to explore in the specific area has expired or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed; substantive expenditure on further exploration and evaluation of mineral resources in a specific area is neither budgeted nor planned; exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in a specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; or sufficient data exists to indicate that, although a development in a specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amounts of the exploration assets are unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

When an indication of impairment loss or a reversal of an impairment loss exists, the recoverable amount of the individual asset must be estimated. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs must be determined. Identifying the cash-generating units requires management judgment. In testing an individual asset or cash-generating unit for impairment and identifying a reversal of impairment losses, management estimates the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash-generating unit. This requires management to make several assumptions as to future events or circumstances. These assumptions and estimates are subject to change if new information becomes available. Actual results with respect to impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses could differ in such a situation and significant adjustments to the Company's assets and earnings may occur during the next period.

Decommissioning and restoration costs

Management is not aware of any material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental provisions as at 31 January 2026. Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities are estimated based on the Company's interpretation of current regulatory requirements, constructive obligations and are measured at fair value and these estimates are updated annually. Fair value is determined based on the net present value of estimated future cash expenditures for the settlement of decommissioning, restoration or similar liabilities that may occur upon decommissioning of the exploration and evaluation property. Such estimates are subject to change based on changes in laws, regulations and negotiations with regulatory authorities.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date the Company assesses financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events occurred during the period that negatively affected the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired can include significant financial difficulty of the issuer or debtor, default or the disappearance of an active market for a security. If the Company determines that a financial asset is impaired, judgment is required in assessing the available information in regards to the amount of impairment; however the final outcome may be materially different than the amount recorded as a financial asset.

Share based payments

Management assesses the fair value of stock options granted in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 3.7. The fair value of stock options is measured using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. The fair value of stock options granted using valuation models is only an estimate of their potential value and requires the use of estimates and assumptions.

The Company has adopted a relative fair value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. The proceeds from private placements are allocated on a relative fair value between the common shares and warrants. The fair value attributed warrants is recorded in warrant reserve within equity. If the warrants are converted, the consideration paid, along with the amount previously recognized in warrant reserve, is recorded as an increase to share capital.

Deferred income taxes

Judgement is required in determining whether deferred tax assets are recognized on the consolidated statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from unutilized tax losses require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate taxable earnings in future periods, in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecasted cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that the cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the statement of financial position date, if any, could be impacted. Additionally, future changes in tax laws in the jurisdictions in which the Company and its subsidiaries operate could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods.

New Age Metals Inc.
Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the nine months ended 31 January 2026
(Unaudited)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis which assumes the Company will continue to operate for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. In assessing whether this assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period. This assessment is based upon planned actions that may or may not occur for a number of reasons including the Company's own resources and external market conditions (Note 1.1).

Determination of functional currency

The functional currency of each of the Company's subsidiaries is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. Determination of functional currency may involve certain judgements to determine the primary economic environment and the Company reconsiders the functional currency of its entities if there is a change in events and conditions which determined the primary economic environment. The functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries were determined to be the Canadian dollar.

3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and on hand, and short-term money market instruments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible into a known amount of cash.

3.3 Foreign currencies

The Company's reporting currency and the functional currency of all of its operations is the Canadian dollar as this is the principal currency of the economic environment in which it operates.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the period-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items or on settlement of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognized in other comprehensive income in the statement of comprehensive income to the extent that gains and losses arising on those non-monetary items are also recognized in other comprehensive income. Where the non-monetary gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss, the exchange component is also recognized in profit or loss.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3.4 Exploration and evaluation properties

Exploration and evaluation expenditures include the costs of acquiring licenses, costs associated with exploration and evaluation activity and the fair value (at acquisition date) of exploration and evaluation assets acquired in a business combination. Exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognized in profit or loss.

Option payments received are treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the related exploration and evaluation properties and deferred costs until the receipts are in excess of costs incurred, at which time, they are credited to income. Option payments are at the discretion of the Optionee, and accordingly, are recorded on a cash basis.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if (i) sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and (ii) facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of any exploration and evaluation asset is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

3.5 Equipment

Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of property and equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of equipment, less their estimated residual value, using the declining balance method using the following rate:

- Automobile 30%
- Right of use assets Lease term

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3.6 Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities

The Company recognizes provisions for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the reclamation of exploration and evaluation properties and retirement of long-term assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The net present value of future cost estimates arising from the decommissioning of plant, site restoration work and other similar retirement activities is added to the carrying amount of the related asset, and depreciated on the same basis as the related asset, along with a corresponding increase in the provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the current market assessments of the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related asset with a corresponding entry to the provision.

Changes in the net present value, excluding changes in the Company's estimates of reclamation costs, are charged to profit or loss for the period. The net present value of reclamation costs arising from subsequent site damage that is incurred on an ongoing basis during production are charged to profit or loss in the period incurred. The costs of reclamation projects that were included in the provision are recorded against the provision as incurred. The costs to prevent and control environmental impacts at specific properties are capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation properties.

3.7 Share-based payments

Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and recognized over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to the share-based payments reserve.

The fair value of options is determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that will eventually vest.

3.8 Financial Instruments

Classification

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of debt instruments is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Equity instruments

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

that are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVTOCI. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or if the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, respectively, and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment. Amounts receivable and accounts payable are recognized at amortized cost.

Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss in the period in which they arise. Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments are recognized at FVTPL.

Debt investments at FVTOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVTOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the twelve month expected credit losses. The Company shall recognize in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or

New Age Metals Inc.
Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the nine months ended 31 January 2026
(Unaudited)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized.

Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. Gains and losses on derecognition of assets are recognized in profit and loss.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when the terms of the liability are modified such that the terms and / or cash flows of the modified instrument are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in profit or loss.

3.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets is reviewed for an indication of impairment at the end of each reporting period. If an indication of impairment exists, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. Individual assets are grouped for impairment assessment purposes at the lowest level at which there are identifiable cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other groups of assets. Recoverable amount of an asset group is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are adjusted for the risks specific to the asset group and are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money.

Where the carrying amount of an asset group exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset group is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3.10 Flow-through shares

Any premium received by the Company on the issuance of flow-through shares is initially recorded as a liability and included in trade payables and accrued liabilities. Upon renouncement by the Company of the tax benefits associated with the related expenditures, a deferred tax liability is recognized and the flow-through share premium liability will be reversed. To the extent that suitable deferred tax assets are available, the Company will reduce the deferred tax liability and record a deferred tax recovery.

3.11 Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control, related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

3.12 Taxation

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the statement of financial position date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

3.13 Leases

At the inception of a lease contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assess whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset; (ii) the Company has the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset throughout the period, and; (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance expense. The finance expense is charged to the consolidated statement of loss over the lease period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life or the lease term, on a straight-line basis. The depreciation expense is charged to the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss. The Company presents right-of-use assets in Property and Equipment on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments: (a) fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), (b) less any lease incentives receivable; (c) variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate; (d) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; (e) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in the consolidated statement of loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

In the statement of cash flows, the Company includes repayments of the principal portion of the lease liabilities under financing activities. Lease payments for short-term leases, lease payment for leases of low-value assets that are not included in the measurement of the lease liability are classified as cash flows from operating activities.

4. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company's only business activity is exploration and development of exploration and evaluation properties carried out in Canada and the United States.

The breakdown of geographic area as at 31 January 2026 and 30 April 2025 as follows:

	Canada \$	USA \$	Total \$
31 January 2026			
Net income	2,549	-	2,549
Current assets	6,359,592	-	6,359,592
Exploration and evaluation properties	10,178,879	732,834	10,911,713
Equipment	117,612	-	117,612
Right-of-use asset	42,846	-	59,992
Total assets	16,698,929	732,834	17,431,763

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

30 April 2025	Canada \$	USA \$	Total \$
Net loss	509,819	-	509,819
Current assets	3,940,646	-	3,940,646
Exploration and evaluation properties	8,631,609	564,503	9,196,112
Equipment	26,127	-	26,127
Right-of-use asset	68,565	-	68,565
Total assets	12,666,947	564,503	13,231,450

5. CASH

The Company's cash is denominated in the following currencies:

	31 January 2026	30 April 2025
	\$	\$
Denominated in Canadian dollars – cash at bank	3,941,402	2,792,928
Denominated in U.S. dollars – cash at bank	189,020	285,929
Total cash	4,130,422	3,078,857

6. AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Company's amounts receivable are as follows:

	31 January 2026	30 April 2025
	\$	\$
Goods and Services Tax /Harmonized Sales Tax receivable ("GST/HST")	83,402	11,765
Shared office costs receivable (Note 6)	70,911	71,804
Receivable from JV (Note 6)	112,926	112,926
Other receivable	-	15,098
Total amounts receivable	267,239	211,593

Included in amounts receivable of the Company are amounts due from related parties which are disclosed in Note 16. The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable upon written notice given from the Company.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

7. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

The Company's available-for-sale investments and share purchase warrants are as follows:

	As at 31 January 2026		As at 30 April 2025	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
MetalQuest Mining Inc. 4,387,955 shares (30 April 2025: 1,734,240 shares)	897,963	1,448,025	712,203	104,054
Azincourt Energy Corp. 156,000 shares (30 April 2025: 156,000 shares)	54,404	4,680	54,404	4,680
Calais Resources Inc. 2,083,000 shares (30 April 2025: 2,083,000 shares)	125,000	-	125,000	-
Native Mineral Resources Holdings Ltd. 1,950,000 shares (30 April 2025: 2,750,000 shares)	66,300	396,639	93,716	456,500
Others	78,002	253	78,815	4,620
Total short-term investments	1,221,669	1,230,695	1,064,138	569,854

During the period ended 31 January 2026, the Company purchased 2,653,714 shares of MetalQuest Mining Inc.

During the period ended 31 January 2026, the Company sold 800,000 shares of Native Mineral Resources and recognized a gain on short-term investments of \$110,764 (2024: \$Nil).

During the period ended 31 January 2026, the Company recognized an unrealized gain on short-term investments of \$1,121,400 (2024: \$Nil).

During the year ended 30 April 2025, the Company sold 3,916,667 shares of Native Mineral Resources and recognized a gain on short-term investments of \$86,202 (2024: \$Nil).

During the year ended 30 April 2025, the Company recognized an unrealized gain on short-term investments of \$475,980 (2024: \$221,578 loss).

During the year ended 30 April 2024, the Company received 6,666,667 common shares of Native Mineral Resources Holdings Ltd. Valued at \$230,800 (AUD\$200,000) related to a farm-in agreement for the McLaughlin Lake Project (Note 8).

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION PROPERTIES

The Company's exploration and evaluation properties expenditures for the period ended 31 January 2026 are as follows:

	31 January 2026		
	Acquisition Costs	Exploration Costs	Total
Balance, 30 April 2025	\$ 601,400	\$ 8594,712	\$ 9,196,112
ONTARIO			
Bonanza Ridge Gold & Critical Metals Project (Kenora Mining District)			
Claims staking, options and fees	234,990	-	234,990
Assaying	-	16,794	16,794
Engineering and consulting	-	309,744	309,744
Environment and geophysics	-	-	-
Field expenses	-	31,305	31,305
	234,990	357,843	592,833
Northern Shield Project, Ring of Fire Division			
Claims staking, options and fees	46,900	-	46,900
Assaying	-	-	-
Engineering and consulting	-	1,165	1,165
Environment and geophysics	-	3,200	3,200
Field expenses	-	712	712
	46,900	5,077	51,977
Platreef PGM Project - Lac des Iles, Northwestern Ontario			
Claims staking, options and fees	106,450	-	106,450
Assaying	-	-	-
Engineering and consulting	-	765	765
Environment and geophysics	-	2,400	2,400
Field expenses	-	4,330	4,330
	38,832	294,974	333,806
River Valley Project, Sudbury, Ontario			
Claims staking, options and fees	38,832	-	38,832
Assaying	-	1,661	1,661
Engineering and consulting	-	62,500	62,500
Environment and geophysics	-	135,774	135,774
Field expenses	-	95,039	95,039

New Age Metals Inc.
Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the nine months ended 31 January 2026
(Unaudited)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	38,832	294,974	333,806
	31 January 2026		
	Acquisition Costs	Exploration Costs	Total
NEWFOUNDLAND			
Gold / Antimony, Newfoundland			
Claims staking, options and fees			
Assaying	-	43,059	43,059
Engineering and consulting	-	278,394	278,394
Environment and geophysics	-	-	-
Field expenses	-	56,597	56,597
	80,550	378,050	458,600
MANITOBA			
Lithium Projects, Manitoba			
Claims staking, options and fees	-	-	-
Assaying	-	17,316	17,316
Engineering and consulting	-	3,806	3,806
Environment and geophysics	-	-	-
Field expenses	-	-	-
Cash received (MMDF)	-	(25,013)	(25,013)
	-	(3,891)	(3,891)
ALASKA, USA			
Genesis Project, Alaska			
Claims staking, options and fees	60,246	-	60,246
Assaying	-	-	-
Engineering and consulting	-	108,085	108,085
Environment and geophysics	-	-	-
Field expenses	-	-	-
	60,246	108,085	168,331
Sub-total this period	\$ 567,968	\$ 1,147,633	\$ 1,715,601
Balance, 31 January 2026	\$ 1,169,368	\$ 9,742,345	\$ 10,911,713

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

The Company's exploration and evaluation properties expenditures for the year ended 30 April 2025 are as follows:

	River Valley	Lithium MB	NFL, Labrador	Alaska	Total
	\$	\$		\$	\$
ACQUISITION COSTS					
Balance, 30 April 2024	114,713	330,268	-	156,419	601,400
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Balance, 30 April 2025	114,713	330,268	-	156,419	601,400
EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION COSTS					
Balance, 30 April 2024	8,341,959	214,804	-	377,558	8,934,321
Assaying	-	21,233	-	-	21,233
Claims and fees	55,427	3,793	46,475	29,568	135,263
Drilling	-	28,024	-	-	28,024
Engineering and consulting	18,250	247,513	-	958	266,721
Environment	5,715	8,000	-	-	13,715
Field expenses	3,463	64,706	-	-	68,169
Recoveries	(15,098)	(668,972)	-	-	(684,070)
Cash received – MRL Farm-in	-	(200,000)	-	-	(200,000)
Sagkeeng Community Fund	-	11,336	-	-	11,336
Balance, 30 April 2025	8,409,716	(269,563)	46,475	408,084	8,594,712
Total costs	8,524,429	60,705	46,475	564,503	9,196,112

Project Overview:

ONTARIO

Bonanza Ridge Gold & Critical Metals Project (Kenora Mining District)

The Company entered into an option agreement with arms-length parties, Mr. Doug Bundy, Mr. Dave Burt and Mr. Jon Burt (the "Partners"), who are all local Kenora Mining District Prospectors to acquire 100% of the Bonanza Gold Project. The Project consists of 114 mining claims and 1 patented Mining Claim totaling 2,191 hectares or 5,414 acres and is located ~25 km southeast of Kenora in northwestern Ontario. The Partners will also retain a 2% Net Smelter Return (NSR) royalty, of which NAM has the right to re-purchase 1% for \$1 million.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

In connection with the closing of the Transaction, the Company issued an aggregate 302,298 common shares, at a deemed price of \$0.4135 per share, and is making a total cash payment of \$40,000 to the Partners pursuant to the terms of the agreement. The remaining share payments under the terms of the agreement, will be calculated based on the 10-day trading average of NAM shares at the time of each issuance subject to a minimum deemed issue price of \$0.2475 per share. The agreement also provides for contingent milestone payments of \$250,000 in cash or shares, or combination thereof, on the completion of an NI 43-101 compliant Mineral Resource and Technical Report outlining more than one million ounces of gold, and an additional \$250,000 in cash or shares, or combination thereof, for a compliant Mineral Resource exceeding 2.5 million ounces. If the Company issues any shares in connection with the contingent milestone payments, approved by the TSX Venture Exchange.

Northern Shield Project, Ring of Fire Division

100% owned by New Age Metals Inc., acquired through staking with no option payments or earn-in obligations. Total land package now approximately 32,000 hectares (79,074 acres) across 1,560 contiguous mining claim cells within the Ring of Fire, Northern Ontario initially acquired in January 2026 (939 claims, ~20,000 ha); expanded in February 2026 with an additional 621 claims covering ~12,000 hectares in the southern extension.

Platreef PGM Project - Lac des Îles, Northwestern, Ontario

100% owned by New Age Metals Inc., acquired through staking in February 2026 with no option payments or earn-in obligations 834 mining claims totaling approximately 16,680 hectares (~41,200 acres) within the Lac des Îles Igneous Complex, Northwestern Ontario located approximately 80 km from the City of Thunder Bay, within a well-established PGM mining district with strong year-round road access and infrastructure property covers interpreted mafic-ultramafic geological trends within the Fishtrap Lake Intrusive Complex, prospective for reef-style PGM-Ni-Cu sulphide mineralization and vanadium-rich magnetite layers situated within the same igneous complex that hosts the Lac des Îles Mine Canada's only primary palladium-producing operation, owned and operated by Impala Canada Ltd.

River Valley Project, Sudbury, Ontario

Included in the River Valley Project are the following:

(i) River Valley Property, Ontario

By agreement dated 15 January 1999 and amended 11 March 1999, the Company acquired a 100% interest in 226 claim units, known as the River Valley Property, located in the Dana and Pardo Townships, Sudbury Mining District, Ontario. The property is subject to a 3% Net Smelter Return ("NSR"). The Company, at its option, can purchase up to 2% of the NSR for \$2,000,000.

By agreement dated 27 June 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire 100% interest in certain mineral claims located in River Valley, Ontario in the McWilliams

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Townships, Sudbury Mining District, Ontario.

(ii) Goldwright Property, Ontario

By agreement dated 30 June 1998 and subsequently amended, the Company earned a 25% interest in certain mineral claims known as the Janes property, located in the Janes Township, Sudbury Mining District, Ontario.

On 30 October 2015, the Company signed a Net Smelter Returns Royalty Agreement (“NSR”) whereby a Production Royalty equal to 1% will be paid based on minerals produced, saved and sold from the properties on the terms and subject to the conditions specified in the NSR Agreement.

(iii) Razor Property, Ontario

The Company acquired a 100% interest in certain mineral claims located in the Dana Township, Sudbury Mining District, Ontario.

The property is subject to a 2% NSR.

(iv) Western Front Property, Ontario

By agreement dated 16 November 2001, the Company earned a 70% interest in certain mineral claims known as the Western Front property from a company (the “Optionor”). The Company has the right to purchase an additional 30% interest in the property by paying \$750,000 to the Optionor.

The property is subject to a 3% NSR, the first 1% of which the Company can purchase for \$1,000,000; the second 1% can be purchased for \$2,000,000. The Company and the Optionor will share the NSR buyout privileges in proportion to their respective interests.

NEWFOUNDLAND

Gold / Antimony, Newfoundland

The Company’s total staked land package in Newfoundland 19,125 hectares (47,266 acres) across eight non-contiguous properties, reinforcing the company’s position for new critical mineral discoveries in areas historically dominated by precious and base metal exploration

Beaver Brook Antimony Mine Area of north-central Newfoundland. Note the close proximity of all three NAM’s Properties here, particularly Fastness, to New Found Gold Corp.’s Queensway South Gold Project.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Approximately 5 km to the west, the Company has staked 13 claims covering 325 ha and named it the Palisade Property. This Property is situated 2 km along trend to the northeast from NAM's previously staked Sentinel Property. Generally, Palisade occurs along the southwest extension of the Beaver Brook Mine lithostructural trend and targets extensions of known high-grade Sb (Au) mineralization.

MANITOBA

Lithium Projects, Manitoba

(i) Lithium One

The Company, through its subsidiary, LCD, acquired 100% interest in the Lithium One Project on 31 July 2017 by completing the option payments and exploration requirements in the option agreement dated 18 April 2016.

(ii) Lithium Two Project

The Lithium Two Project is located north of Cat Lake, approximately 145 kilometers (90 miles) northeast of Winnipeg, Manitoba (Canada) and 22 kilometers north of the Tanco Mine Site. Geologically, the project is situated in the Cat Lake portion of the Cat Lake Winnipeg River Pegmatite Field.

Lithium West

This project is situated on strike and to the west of the Tanco Pegmatite deposit. The project consists of 3,385 hectares located 12.5 kilometers west of the Tanco Pegmatite. The project is 100% owned by the Company and was previously explored by the Tantalum Mining Corp. of Canada in their exploration for Tantalum.

(iii) Lithman East Extension, East Extension, & Lithman North Projects

During the year ended 30 April 2018, the Company acquired 100% of certain mineral claims by way of staking for consideration of \$19,968.

(iv) CAT 3 Properties, Manitoba

By agreement dated 27 June 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement with Mustang Minerals Corp. and acquired certain mineral claims located in Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Farm –in and Joint Venture

On 27 September 2021, the Company and its wholly-owned direct subsidiary LCD, entered into a binding term agreement with Australian lithium and iron ore producer, Mineral Resources Limited ("MRL"). The parties signed a farm-in and joint venture agreement for this arrangement on 29

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

August 2022. Under the terms, MRL can earn up to a 75% interest in the Company's Manitoba lithium division.

In consideration MRL will pay the Company a sum of \$400,000:

- (i) \$100,000 on the signing date (paid);
- (ii) \$100,000 on the 1-year anniversary (paid);
- (iii) \$100,000 on the 2-year anniversary; (paid);
- (iv) \$100,000 on the 3-year anniversary.

MRL has the right to acquire legal and beneficial interests per the following schedule:

Farm-in Date	JV Interests	Obligations
Initial Farm-in Interest	51% MRL; 49% NAM	Complete \$4,000,000 (met) of exploration and development activities within 54 months from the effective date, including \$1,000,000 (met) must be spent within 18 months from the effective date
Further Farm-in Interest	65% MRL; 35% NAM	Fund and complete a National Instrument 43-101 compliant pre-feasibility study, including the completion of a compliance resource statement within 5 years from the effective date
Final Farm-in Interest	75% MRL; 25% NAM	Fund the project to the point of a final construction/investment decision made by MRL and collectively with the initial Farm-in obligations and further Farm-in obligations

The Company will charge MRL a management fee for each contract entered into for the purposes of approved exploration and development activities as follows:

- (i) 5% of the contract value for any contract with a contract value equal to or greater than \$100,000; or
- (ii) 10% of the contract value for any contract with a contract value below \$100,000.

During the year ended 30 April 2025 the Company charged MRL management fees of \$26,141 (2024: \$318,036) and recorded in other income.

Bird River Lithium, Manitoba

On 1 December 2023, the Company entered into an option agreement with W.S. Ferreira Ltd. ("Ferreira") to acquire an undivided 100% interest in the mineral property claim Bridge and Bridge 1 located in the Bird River area in the province of Manitoba, Canada. In order to exercise the option, the Company is required to make cash and share payments to Ferreira as follows:

- A payment of \$40,000 on or before 29 December 2023 (paid)
- A payment of \$50,000 on or before 1 January 2025
- A payment of \$60,000 on or before 10 January 2026
- Issue 25,000 common shares of the Company on or before 29 December 2023 (issued) (Note 12.2)

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

- Issue 50,000 common shares of the Company on or before 10 January 2025
- Issue 50,000 common shares of the Company on or before 10 January 2026

Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, in the event that the option is fully exercised, a 2% Gross Over Ridding Royalty shall be retained by Ferreira. The Company has the exclusive right to purchase 1% of the Royalty for \$1 million dollars. Any securities issued in connection with the agreement are subject to TSXV approval and a four-month and a day hold period in accordance with applicable Securities Laws.

On 27 August 2024, Ferreira was given notice that the Company would be dropping its interest in the Option Agreement.

ALASKA, USA

Genesis Project, Alaska

On 17 April 2018, the Company entered into an option agreement with Anglo Alaska Gold Corp. (“Anglo”) to acquire 100% interest in certain mineral claims in the State of Alaska.

The Company paid the following cash consideration to Anglo:

- (i) \$30,000 on the closing date;
- (ii) \$30,000 on or before the 1-year anniversary of the closing date;
- (iii) \$30,000 on or before the 2-year anniversary of the closing date; and
- (iv) \$30,000 on or before the 3-year anniversary of the closing date.

The Company also issued commons shares of the Company to Anglo per the following schedule:

- (i) 50,000 shares on the closing date;
- (ii) 50,000 shares on or before the 1-year anniversary of the closing date;
- (iii) 50,000 shares on or before the 2-year anniversary of the closing date; and
- (iv) 50,000 shares on or before the 3-year anniversary of the closing date.

The Company completed the following filings and payments:

- (i) Annual payment to the State of Alaska for mining claim rentals of \$8,960 USD, due the year between 1 September and 30 November during which the agreement is in effect.
- (ii) Filing annual Affidavits of Annual Labor with the State of Alaska Recorder’s office for the Valdez and Chitina Recording Districts.
- (iii) Filing, maintaining, and closing any and all permits required by the State of Alaska and /or Federal regulatory agencies.
- (iv) Conduct qualifies on-ground work as required by the State of Alaska.

In year one of the agreement, the Company had the obligation to complete either (i) or (ii) as follows:

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

- (i) Spend a maximum of \$10,000 to have Avalon Development Corp. update all previous data and geological information and reports on the property before 15 July 2018 (incurred).
- (ii) Spend a minimum of \$25,000 to upgrade current property information and complete confirmation sampling on the property, resulting in a final report.

Upon commencement of commercial production, the Company is required to pay Anglo 3% NSR. The Company has the right to purchase one half of the NSR by paying \$500,000 for each half percentage point to a maximum of \$1,500,000.

9. EQUIPMENT

A summary of changes in the Company's equipment for the period ended 31 January 2026 and year ended 30 April 2025 is as follows:

	Automobile
	\$
Cost	
Balance, 30 April 2025	120,132
Disposal	(120,132)
Addition	138,367
Balance, 31 January 2026	138,367
Accumulated amortization	
Balance, 30 April 2025	95,965
Amortization	(95,965)
Balance, 31 January 2026	20,755
Amortization	20,755
Balance, 31 January 2026	20,755
Net book value, 30 April 2025	26,127
Net book value, 31 January 2026	117,612

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

10. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET AND LEASE LIABILITY

The Company leased an office under non-cancellable operating lease with a term to 30 April 2027 (Notes 17 and 20). The Company recognized \$171,451 of right-of-use assets and \$171,451 of lease liabilities. The lease liability was discounted using an incremental borrowing rate as at 1 May 2022 of 8% per annum. The continuity of the lease liability is as follows:

	\$
Lease liability, 1 May 2025	78,603
Less: lease payments	(31,500)
Interest expense	3,776
	50,879
Less: current portion of lease liability – 31 January 2026	38,679
	12,200

The continuity of right-of-use asset for period ended 31 January 2026 and year ended 30 April 2025 is as follows:

	\$
Cost	
Balance, May 2025	171,451
Additions	-
Balance, 31 January 2026	171,451
Accumulated amortization	
Balance, 1 May 2025	102,884
Amortization	25,723
Balance, 31 January 2026	128,607
Net book value, 30 April 2025	68,565
Net book value, 31 January 2026	42,844

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. TRADE PAYABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

The Company's trade and other payables are broken down as follows:

	As at 31 January 2026	As at 30 April 2025
Trade payables	\$ 187,818	\$ 27,665
Accrued liabilities	-	46,336
Total trade payables and accrued liabilities	187,818	74,001

12. SHARE CAPITAL

On 26 August 2024, the Company consolidated its issued and outstanding common shares on the basis of one post-consolidated common share for every four pre-consolidated common shares. The share consolidation has been applied retrospectively and as a result shares, options, warrants and per share amounts are stated on an adjusted basis (Note 1).

12.1 Authorized share capital

The Company is authorized to issue unlimited common shares without par value. As at 31 January 2026, there were 73,006,494 common shares issued and outstanding (30 April 2025: 55,559,259).

12.2 Share issuances

During the period ended 31 January 2026 and year ended 30 April 2025, the Company issued common shares as follows:

Private Placements

On 17 October 2025, the Company issued 1,738,845 flow-through units at \$0.26 per unit for gross proceeds of \$452,100. Each flow-through unit consists of share and one half non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per for a period of three years. The Company paid share issuance costs of \$22,070 in cash and 88,337 non-transferrable warrants to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.26 per for a period of three years with a fair value of \$32,673.

On 17 October 2025, the Company issued 747,727 non flow-through units at \$0.22 per unit for gross proceeds of \$164,500. Each non flow-through unit consists of share and one half non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per share for a period of three years.

On 10 October 2025, the Company issued 3,068,846 flow-through units at \$0.26 per unit for gross proceeds of \$797,900. Each flow-through unit consists of share and one half non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

share of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per for a period of three years. The Company paid share issuance costs of \$45,595 in cash and 172,902 non-transferrable warrants to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.26 per for a period of three years with a fair value of \$77,464.

On 10 October 2025, the Company issued 615,906 non flow-through units at \$0.22 per unit for gross proceeds of \$135,500. Each non flow-through unit consists of share and one half non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per share for a period of three years.

On 3 October 2025, the Company issued 1,730,771 flow-through units at \$0.26 per unit for gross proceeds of \$450,000. Each flow-through unit consists of share and one half non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per for a period of three years. The Company paid share issuance costs of \$27,000 in cash and 142,307 non-transferrable warrants to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.26 per for a period of three years with a fair value of \$54,024.

On 3 October 2025, the Company issued 9,090,910 non flow-through units at \$0.22 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,000,000. Each non flow-through unit consists of share and one half non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per share for a period of three years.

Others

On 30 December 2025, the Company issued 50,280 shares valued at \$22,500 related to the Lavender Gibi project (Note 8).

On 22 December 2025, the Company issued 61,652 shares valued at \$25,000 related to the Magnet Lake Bonanza project (Note 8).

On 27 October 2025, the Company issued 302,298 shares valued at \$125,000 related to the Witch Bay Bonanza Gold project (Note 8).

On 8 July 2025, the Company issued 40,000 shares valued at \$10,400 related to the Antimony Ridge NFLD property (Note 8).

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

12.3 Share purchase warrants

The following is a summary of the changes in the Company's share purchase warrants for the period ended 31 January 2026 and year ended 30 April 2025.

	31 January 2026		30 April 2025	
	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding, beginning	1,871,094	\$ 0.80	8,029,169	\$ 0.83
Granted	8,900,052	0.40	-	-
Expired	(1,621,094)	0.80	(6,158,075)	0.84
Outstanding, ending	9,150,052	0.40	1,871,094	0.80

The following table summarizes information regarding share purchase warrants outstanding as at 31 January 2026:

Number of warrants	Exercise price	Expiry date
250,000	\$0.80	1 February 2027
5,410,840	\$0.40	3 October 2028
142,307	\$0.26	3 October 2028
1,842,378	\$0.40	10 October 2028
172,902	\$0.26	10 October 2028
1,243,288	\$0.40	17 October 2028
88,337	\$0.26	17 October 2028
9,150,052		

12.4 Stock options

Effective 23 November 2022, the Company adopted a 10% fixed stock option plan (the "Option Plan") which allows the Company's Board of Directors, at its discretion and in accordance with TSXV requirements, to grant options to directors, officers, employees and consultants up to maximum of 5,553,425 common shares. The exercise price of any options granted under the plan will be determined by the Board of Directors, at its sole discretion, but is subject to the Discounted Market Price policies of the TSXV.

The following is a summary of the changes in the Company's stock option plan for the period ended 31 January 2026 and year ended 30 April 2025:

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	31 January 2026		30 April 2025	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted-average exercise price
Outstanding, beginning	1,208,333	\$ 0.60	1,495,833	\$ 0.53
Granted	5,045,000	0.40	-	-
Expired	(450,000)	0.40	(250,000)	0.20
Cancelled	(304,167)	0.60	(37,500)	0.72
Outstanding, ending	5,499,166	0.41	1,208,333	0.60

The following table summarizes information regarding stock options outstanding and exercisable as at 31 January 2026:

Number of options outstanding	Number of options exercisable	Weighted-average remaining contractual life (years)	Weighted-average exercise price
241,666	241,666	0.70	\$0.84
400,000	400,000	0.62	\$0.72
112,500	112,500	1.60	\$0.40
2,625,000	-	4.81	\$0.26
2,120,000	-	4.98	\$0.50
5,499,166	754,166	2.35	\$0.41

13. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share is based on the following data:

	Three months ended 31 January 2026	Three months ended 31 January 2025	Nine months ended 31 January 2026	Nine months ended 31 January 2025
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ 69,276	\$ (227,848)	\$ 2,549	\$ (759,571)
Weighted average number of shares – basic and diluted	77,515,031	55,559,259	50,312,262	55,559,259
Income (loss) per share, basic and diluted	\$ 0.001	\$ (0.004)	\$ 0.000	\$ (0.014)

The basic loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution of common share equivalents, such as outstanding stock options and share purchase warrants, in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, if dilutive. All of the stock options and the share purchase warrants were anti-dilutive for the years ended 31 January 2026 and 2025.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

14. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to support the Company's normal operating requirements, continue the development and exploration of its exploration and evaluation properties.

The Company is dependent upon external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and to pay for general administration costs, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash and cash equivalents. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. There were no significant changes in the Company's approach or the Company's objectives and policies for managing its capital.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

15.1 Categories of financial instruments

	As at 31 January 2026	As at 30 April 2025
	\$	\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
FVTPL, at fair value		
Cash	4,130,422	3,078,857
Short-term investments - shares	1,849,597	569,854
Amortized cost		
Amounts receivable	112,334	211,593
Total financial assets	5,980,019	3,860,304
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Amortized cost		
Trade payables	187,818	27,665
Due to related party	-	16,550
Total financial liabilities	187,818	44,215

15.2 Fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis or using prices from observable current market transactions. The Company considers that the carrying amount of all its financial assets and financial liabilities recognized at amortized cost in the financial statements approximates their fair value due to the demand nature or short-term maturity of these instruments.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

The following table provides an analysis of the Company's financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the inputs used to determine the fair value are observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable either directly or indirectly. As at 31 January 2026 and 30 April 2025, the Company does not have any Level 2 financial instruments.
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data. As at 31 January 2026 and 30 April 2025, the Company does not have any Level 3 financial instruments.

As at 31 January 2026	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets at fair value				
Cash	4,130,422	-	-	4,130,422
Short-term investments – Shares	1,849,597	-	-	1,849,597
Total financial assets at fair value	5,980,019	-	-	5,980,019

As at 30 April 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets at fair value				
Cash	3,078,857	-	-	3,078,857
Short-term investments – Shares	569,854	-	-	569,854
Total financial assets at fair value	3,648,711	-	-	3,648,711

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 in the period ended 31 January 2026 and year 30 April 2025.

15.3 Management of financial risks

The financial risk arising from the Company's operations are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, currency risk and commodity price risk. These risks arise from the normal course of operations and all transactions undertaken are to support the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises primarily from the Company's cash and amounts

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

receivable. The Company manages its credit risk relating to cash by dealing only with highly-rated financial institutions. As at 31 January 2026, amounts receivable were mainly comprised of amount receivable from a related party and amount receivable from JV (Note 6).

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have sufficient cash resources to meet its financial obligations as they become due (Note 1.1). The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if its access to the capital market is hindered. The Company has no source of revenue and has obligations to meet its administrative overheads, maintain its mineral investments and to settle amounts payable to its creditors. The Company has been successful in raising equity financing in the past; however, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. As at 31 January 2026, the Company had working capital of \$6,133,093 (30 April 2025: \$3,811,416).

Currency risk

For the period ended 31 January 2026, the Company's operations were mainly in Canada (Note 4). The Company considers its currency risk to be insignificant.

Other risks

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk and commodity price risk arising from financial instruments.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the period ended 31 January 2026, the Company had related party transactions with the following companies related by way of directors or shareholders in common:

- MetalQuest Mining Inc. ("MetalQuest"), a company with management and certain directors in common with the Company. MetalQuest pays shared office costs to the Company on a month-to-month basis (Note 6).
- Canadian Gravity Recovery Inc. ("CGR"), a company owned by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company. CGR provides management services on a month-to-month basis (Note 20).
- 3699030 Canada Inc., a company owned by the CEO of the Company. 3699030 Canada Inc. provides lease property to the Company (Notes 10 and 20).
- 873285 BC Ltd., a company owned by the Corporate Secretary of the Company. 873285 BC Ltd. provides consulting services on a month-to-month basis.

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

16.1 Related party expenses

Period ended 31 January	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Shared office and consulting fees recoveries from MQM	(31,518)	(27,119)
Rent expense before shared office recoveries to the CEO	8,340	6,255
Rent expense before shared office recoveries to 3699030 Canada Inc. (Note 19)	42,292	46,490
Consulting fees to the Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”)	36,000	32,000
Management fees to Canadian Gravity Recovery Inc. (“CGR”) (Note 19)	194,497	324,787
Consulting fees to 873285 BC Ltd.	23,400	23,400
Total related party expenditures	240,611	384,753

16.2 Due from/to related parties

The assets and liabilities of the Company include the following amounts due from/(to) related parties:

As at 31 January	2026	2025
	\$	\$
MetalQuest (Note 6)	70,911	62,301
Total amount due from related parties	70,911	62,301

16.3 Key management personnel compensation

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management for the years ended 31 January 2026 and 2025 were as follows:

31 January	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Short-term benefits – management and consulting fees	253,897	384,187
Total key management personnel compensation	253,897	384,187

17. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

17.1 Non-cash activities

The Company incurred the following non-cash investing and financing transactions:

New Age Metals Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As at 31 January 2026, the Company had the following commitments and contingent liabilities:

	< 1 year	2-5 years	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Management fees	10,000	-	10,000
Lease payments	38,679	12,200	50,879
Total commitments	48,679	12,200	60,879

- a) Effective 1 April 2016, as amended on 1 June 2018, and again on 1 November 2023, the Company is committed to paying a monthly management to a related party for a term of \$20,833 per month terminating on 31 October 2028 (Note 17). In the event that
- b) the amended agreement is terminated or fails to renew due to failure of agreement after the issuance of a non-renewal notice, the related party shall receive a termination fee specified by the terms of the amended agreement.
- c) Effective 1 May 2022, the Company is committed to paying monthly rent of \$3,300 per month during the first year and \$3,500 per month for the remainder of the lease term to a related party for a term of 60 months (Note 10 and 17).
- d) The Company has indemnified the subscribers of flow-through shares of the Company issued in the current and prior years against any tax related amounts that may become payable as a result of the Company not making eligible expenditures.
- e) The Company's exploration and evaluation activities are subject to various Canadian federal and provincial laws and regulations governing the protection of the government. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations so as to protect public health and the environment and believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.
- f) As at 31 January 2026, the Company owns various exploration and evaluation properties (Note 8). Management does not consider that any amounts related to decommissioning liabilities are payable although there is no assurance that a formal claim will not be made against the Company for some or all of these obligations in the future.

19. APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the period ended 31 January 2026 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2026.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR

NEW AGE METALS INC.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED

31 JANUARY 2026

1. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis is management’s assessment of the results and financial condition of New Age Metals Inc. (the “Company” or “NAM”) for the period ended 31 January 2026 and should be read in conjunction with the corresponding interim consolidated financial statements and related notes. All financial information has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) and all dollar amounts are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated. Additional information on the Company is available on SEDAR+.

2. BUSINESS OF NEW AGE METALS INC.

NAM is a mineral exploration company focused on the acquisition, exploration and development of platinum group metals, precious metals, base metals and strategic critical metals including lithium, antimony and high-purity iron ore. Management’s corporate philosophy is to operate as a project generator, explorer and project operator with the objective of forming options and/or joint ventures with major mining companies through production. Wholly owned subsidiaries Pacific Northwest Capital Corp. USA and Lithium Canada Development Inc. are maintained for future property acquisitions.

3. FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain information included in this discussion may constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and entail various risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties could cause or contribute to actual results that are materially different than those expressed or implied. The Company disclaims any obligation or intention to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

4. OUTLOOK

Market conditions for the junior mining sector improved during late 2025 and early 2026, supported by stronger financing conditions and renewed interest in critical metals and gold exploration. The Company completed financings during the period and continues to apply prudent cost controls while advancing its priority projects. Management believes the Company remains well positioned to evaluate acquisitions, pursue exploration on its core assets and seek partnership opportunities, while recognizing that continued access to external financing remains important to the execution of its business plan.

The Company continues to maintain separate business lines for platinum group metals, lithium, gold-antimony and high-purity iron opportunities, and continues to review additional project acquisition opportunities that fit its project-generator model.

5. PROJECT OVERVIEW

ONTARIO

5.1 Kenora Gold and Critical Metals Project

The Company entered into an option agreement dated 3 December 2025 with local Kenora Mining District prospectors to acquire a 100% interest in the Bonanza Gold Project, consisting of 114 mining

claims and one patented mining claim totalling 2,191 hectares. The vendors retain a 2% NSR royalty, of which NAM may repurchase 1% for \$1 million. On closing, the Company issued 302,298 common shares at a deemed price of \$0.4135 per share and made a \$40,000 cash payment. Additional share issuances are based on the 10-day trading average of NAM shares, subject to a minimum deemed price of \$0.2475 per share, and the agreement includes contingent milestone payments tied to future NI 43-101 mineral resources.

NAM has assembled an approximately 8,500-hectare district-scale land package in the Kenora Mining District under the Bonanza Ridge Gold and Critical Metals Project banner. The consolidated package includes the Bonanza, Magnet Lake, Lavender Lake and South Gibi Lake properties. Due diligence work confirmed high-grade gold mineralization at surface across several prospects, with gold values ranging from below detection limit to 127 g/t Au, and confirmed additional copper and gold potential on the Magnet Lake and Lavender Lake properties, including copper values ranging from background to 2.14% Cu. The Bonanza property is drill ready and has three-year permits in place.

5.2 Northern Shield Project, Ring of Fire Division

The Northern Shield Project is 100% owned by New Age Metals and was acquired through staking with no option payments or earn-in obligations. The land package now totals approximately 32,000 hectares across 1,560 contiguous mining claim cells in the Ring of Fire, Northern Ontario, including an initial January 2026 acquisition and a February 2026 southern extension. The project covers interpreted mafic-ultramafic trends within the Fishtrap Lake Intrusive Complex prospective for reef-style PGM-Ni-Cu sulphide mineralization and vanadium-rich magnetite layers. Historical exploration data include airborne and ground geophysics, soil geochemistry, mapping and more than 7,000 metres of previous drilling. Data compilation and geological interpretation are underway to prioritize targets and optimize exploration planning.

5.3 Platreef PGM Project – Lac des Îles, Northwestern Ontario

NAM acquired the Platreef PGM Project through staking in February 2026. The project comprises 834 mining claims covering approximately 16,680 hectares within the Lac des Îles Igneous Complex in Northwestern Ontario, approximately 80 kilometres from Thunder Bay. NAM holds a 100% interest with no option payments or earn-in obligations. The property is considered prospective for intrusion-hosted PGM mineralization based on the presence of magnetite-bearing gabbroic intrusions, above-background palladium values in historical surface samples, sulphide-bearing zones associated with intrusive contacts and coincident magnetic and induced polarization anomalies.

5.4 River Valley Project, Sudbury, Ontario

The River Valley Project remains the Company's flagship PGM asset in the Sudbury region of Ontario. NAM holds a 100% interest in the core River Valley claims, subject to underlying NSR royalties, and also controls associated interests in the Goldwright, Razor and River Valley Extension claims. NAM has signed exploration and development agreements with the Temagami First Nation and Nipissing First Nation for exploration programs within the project area.

Recent work at River Valley has focused on metallurgical optimization and maintaining the project in good standing. In February 2024, the Company reported proof-of-concept PLATSOL™ test work completed by SGS on concentrates from the Dana and Lismer zones. The best observed results returned

extractions of 93% palladium, 88% platinum, 98% gold, 99% copper and 98% nickel for Dana, and 93% palladium, 85% platinum, 98% gold, 100% copper and 98% nickel for Lismer. Follow-up precipitation tests also returned strong recoveries of palladium, platinum and gold in low-weight final precipitates. The Company indicated that a Phase 2 PLATSOL™ program with an estimated budget of approximately \$200,000 is being evaluated, including potential grant support through university partnerships.

During 2025 the Company elected to spend the minimum amount necessary to keep the River Valley property in good standing while PGM markets improved. Permit applications were submitted for additional drilling and geophysics on the northern portion of the project and, in September 2025, for additional exploration, drilling and geophysics on the southern portion of the project.

NEWFOUNDLAND

5.5 Bonanza Gold / Antimony, Newfoundland

In June 2025 NAM entered into an option agreement to acquire up to a 100% interest in the Antimony Ridge Property, consisting of 20 claims totalling 500 hectares, located in the St. Alban's region of south-central Newfoundland adjacent to NAM's 100%-owned Citadel Property. Historical and more recent work on the property indicates significant antimony and gold potential, including semi-massive stibnite mineralization, anomalous soil geochemistry, antimony-bearing float and historical gold showings.

NAM's Newfoundland land holdings total approximately 19,800 hectares across ten non-contiguous properties. Five are strategically located along the same geological trend as the past-producing Beaver Brook Antimony Mine, while the remaining five are located in the St. Alban's area along the Swanger and Little River mineralized trends. The Company is registered and authorized to conduct business in Newfoundland and Labrador. Data compilation and target generation are ongoing as NAM advances its gold-antimony division in the province.

MANITOBA

5.6 Lithium Projects, Manitoba

The Company's Lithium Division is focused on the acquisition, exploration and development of lithium projects in Canada. NAM's Manitoba portfolio comprises 11 lithium pegmatite projects in the Winnipeg River–Cat Lake Pegmatite Field of southeast Manitoba, the district that hosts the Tanco pegmatite. To date, approximately \$10.5 million has been expended on the Manitoba Lithium Division, with most of this funding provided by Mineral Resources Limited under the September 2021 agreement.

Given lower lithium prices and constrained activity during 2025, this section has been condensed to focus on recent status and priority assets. The table below summarizes the principal Manitoba project groups and recent activity.

Project group	Key points	Recent status
Lithium Two	Historic Eagle pegmatite plus FD5 and nearby targets; prior drilling confirmed spodumene-bearing pegmatites and lithium mineralization.	2024 drilling intersected pegmatite and spodumene-bearing zones, including LT24-032 and LT24-044. Additional follow-up remains subject to market conditions and permitting.
Lithman East / Extension / North	Projects cover portions of the Bernic Lake, Rush Lake, Birse Lake and Axial pegmatite groups west of Tanco.	2024 drilling on Lithman East intersected multiple pegmatites, including intervals with lithium values above 1% Li ₂ O and elevated Cs-Ta-Sn values indicative of a fractionated rare-metal pegmatite system.
Bird River / Lithman West / Cat Lake	Regional land position over prospective LCT pegmatite trends and geochemical anomalies.	Historic and recent geochemical and geophysical targeting identified drill-ready anomalies; unseasonably warm winter conditions delayed some planned work in 2024.
South Bay Lithium	100%-owned by New Age Metals/Lithium Canada Development and outside the MinRes farm-in / JV agreement.	Work has been constrained by the need to finalize an exploration and pre-development agreement with local First Nations; assessment work extensions have been sought from the Manitoba government.

Key recent Manitoba exploration results included approximately 12,500 metres of winter 2024 drilling across Lithium Two, Lithman East and Bird River Lithium. The program intersected numerous pegmatites and returned notable lithium mineralization, including 1.29% Li₂O over 0.3 metres in hole LE24-002, 1.14% Li₂O over 0.7 metres in hole LE24-011, 0.63% Li₂O over 18.0 metres in hole LT24-032 (including 2.47% Li₂O over 1.5 metres and 3.36% Li₂O over 0.5 metres), 1.32% Li₂O over 0.58 metres in hole LT24-036 and 1.92% Li₂O over 0.7 metres in hole LT24-042. Management also noted that 2025 activities were reduced to minimum assessment work because of low lithium prices and wildfires in the region.

ALASKA, USA

5.7 Genesis Project, Alaska

On 17 April 2018 the Company entered into an option agreement with Anglo Alaska Gold Corp. and, after three years, acquired a 100% interest in certain mineral claims in Alaska, subject to a royalty with a buy-down option. Management completed all assessment work necessary to keep the Genesis claim group in good standing and completed additional assessment work during summer 2025 that is expected to maintain the property in good standing for an additional period.

In July 2025 the Company engaged Alaska Earth Sciences of Anchorage to complete detailed mapping, sampling and prospecting at the Sheep Hill area, focusing on follow-up of copper anomalies identified in 2021 sediment samples and on recommendations outlined in the 2018 technical report by Curtis J. Freeman. Management indicated that results from the 2025 summer program were expected to support a new geological report and recommendations for a 2026 go-forward plan once received from consultants.

QUALIFIED PERSON STATEMENT

The “Project Overview” section of this report has been reviewed and approved for technical content by Ali Alizadeh, MSc., P.Geo., FGC, Senior Geological Advisor of NAM and a Qualified Person under the provisions of NI 43-101.

SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following selected financial information is derived from the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Company. The figures have been prepared in accordance with IFRS.

	31 Jan 2026	31 Oct 2025	31 Jul 2025	30 Apr 2025	31 Jan 2025	31 Oct 2024	31 Jul 2024	30 Apr 2024
Total revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	69,276	26,739	(93,466)	249,752	(227,848)	(247,600)	(284,123)	(18,028)
Net income (loss) per share	0.001	0.000	(0.002)	0.004	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.000)
Total assets	17,431,763	17,285,495	13,177,378	13,231,450	12,928,580	13,168,583	13,679,703	15,438,806

6. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the nine months ended 31 January 2026, the Company recorded income from operations of \$2,549 compared with a loss of \$759,571 for the same period in 2025. For the three months ended 31 January 2026, the Company recorded income from operations of \$69,276 compared with a loss of \$227,849 for the comparable 2025 quarter. These results were materially affected by non-cash unrealized gains on short-term investments of \$1,121,400 for the nine-month period and \$618,902 for the three-month period. Without those unrealized gains, the reported improvement in earnings would have been substantially lower.

Nine months ended 31 January

Item	2026	2025	Variance	Comment
Accounting and audit	1,000	2,500	(1,500)	Decrease
Bank charges and interest	6,377	2,434	3,943	Increase
Consulting fees	315,409	198,449	116,960	Increase
Depreciation	50,394	34,119	16,275	Increase
Insurance, licences and fees	36,543	39,516	(2,973)	Decrease
Management fees	196,486	202,491	(6,005)	Decrease
Marketing and communications	83,454	26,127	57,327	Increase
Office and miscellaneous	142,291	70,076	72,215	Increase
Rent	16,091	5,316	10,775	Increase
Salaries	129,054	106,078	22,976	Increase
Telephone and utilities	7,998	7,538	460	Increase
Transfer agent and regulatory fees	99,451	48,368	51,083	Increase
Travel, lodging and food	82,203	36,971	45,232	Increase
Foreign exchange loss / (gain)	37,549 loss	9,140 gain	46,689	Increase
Gain on sale of short-term investments	110,764	Nil	110,764	Increase
Interest income	668	Nil	668	Increase
Finance costs	3,776	5,900	(2,124)	Decrease

Item	2026	2025	Variance	Comment
Unrealized gain on short-term investments	1,121,400	Nil	1,121,400	Increase
Other income	Nil	17,172	(17,172)	Decrease

Three months ended 31 January

Item	2026	2025	Variance	Comment
Accounting and audit	Nil	2,500	(2,500)	Decrease
Bank charges and interest	1,539	856	683	Increase
Consulting fees	172,315	50,442	121,873	Increase
Depreciation	29,328	11,373	17,955	Increase
Insurance, licences and fees	10,917	10,544	373	Increase
Management fees	65,578	64,839	739	Increase
Marketing and communications	23,137	3,750	19,387	Increase
Office and miscellaneous	67,340	15,577	51,763	Increase
Rent	10,298	198	10,100	Increase
Salaries	37,565	35,948	1,617	Increase
Telephone and utilities	847	1,745	(898)	Decrease
Transfer agent and regulatory fees	24,882	15,063	9,819	Increase
Travel, lodging and food	40,940	23,532	17,408	Increase
Foreign exchange loss / (gain)	(41,659)	10,314 gain	51,973	Increase
Finance costs	1,074	1,796	(722)	Decrease
Unrealized gain on short-term investments	618,902	Nil	618,902	Increase
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	22,207	Nil	22,207	Increase

7. LIQUIDITY, CAPITAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

During the period ended 31 January 2026, the Company's working capital, defined as current assets less current liabilities, was \$6,133,093 compared with working capital of \$3,811,416 at 30 April 2025. The

Company had 72,894,562 common shares issued and outstanding as at 31 January 2026 (30 April 2025: 55,559,259). The Company also held a portfolio of investments with a book value of \$1,221,669 and a market value of \$11,849,597 as at 31 January 2026.

The Company's objectives are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, support normal operating requirements and continue the development and exploration of its mineral properties. The Company remains dependent on external financing to fund its activities and may issue shares, issue debt, acquire or dispose of assets, or adjust cash resources to fund planned work programs and general administration.

8. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

Effective 1 April 2016, as amended on 1 June 2018 and again on 1 November 2023, the Company is committed to paying a monthly management fee of \$20,833 to a related party under an agreement terminating on 31 October 2028. If the amended agreement is terminated or fails to renew due to failure of agreement after issuance of a non-renewal notice, the related party is entitled to a termination fee specified by the agreement.

Effective 1 May 2022, the Company is committed to paying monthly rent of \$3,300 during the first year and \$3,500 per month for the remainder of the 60-month lease term to a related party.

The Company's exploration and evaluation activities are subject to Canadian federal and provincial laws and regulations concerning public health and environmental protection. The Company believes its operations are materially in compliance with applicable laws and regulations and expects to continue making expenditures necessary to comply with them.

9. CONTINGENCIES

As of 31 January 2026, the Company owned various exploration and evaluation properties. Management does not consider any amounts related to decommissioning liabilities to be payable at this time, although there can be no assurance that a formal claim will not be made in the future. The Company has also indemnified subscribers of current and prior-year flow-through shares against tax-related amounts that may become payable because of ineligible expenditures.

10. OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

11. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, income and expenses. Areas requiring significant estimation and judgment include fair value measurements for financial instruments and share-based payments, recognition and valuation of decommissioning liabilities, carrying value of exploration and evaluation properties, valuation of warrants and stock options, recoverability of deferred tax assets and liabilities, and the assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. A detailed summary of the

Company's material accounting policies is included in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 January 2026.

12. GOVERNMENT LAWS, REGULATION & PERMITTING

Mining and exploration activities of the Company are subject to domestic and foreign laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, production, taxes, labour standards, occupational health, mine safety, waste disposal, toxic substances, the environment and other matters. Amendments to current laws and regulations or more stringent implementation could adversely affect the Company. The Company's operations require licences and permits from various governmental authorities, and there can be no assurance that the necessary licences and permits will be obtained on acceptable terms, in a timely manner or at all.

13. ESTIMATES OF MINERAL RESOURCES

Mineral resource estimates contained in this MD&A are estimates only and no assurance can be given that any particular level of mineral recovery will in fact be realized or that an identified resource will qualify as a commercially mineable deposit. If the Company's exploration programs are successful, additional funds will be required to complete development of its properties. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in raising sufficient funds to meet its obligations or complete all currently proposed exploration programs.

14. KEY MANAGEMENT AND COMPETITION

The success of the Company is dependent upon the performance of its key officers, consultants and employees. The mining industry is intensely competitive in all its phases, and the Company competes with other companies that possess greater financial resources and technical facilities with respect to the discovery and acquisition of mineral properties and the recruitment and retention of qualified personnel.

15. TITLE TO PROPERTIES

Acquisition of rights to mineral properties is a detailed and time-consuming process. Although the Company has investigated title to the properties for which it holds concessions, leases, licences or rights to earn an interest, it cannot provide assurance that title will not be challenged or impugned.

16. COMMODITY PRICES

The profitability of the Company's operations depends upon the market prices of the metals and commodities for which it explores. These prices fluctuate widely and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control. Current and future price declines could make commercial production impracticable. The Company's revenues and earnings could also be affected by prices of fuel and other consumables.

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company adopted all the requirements of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments on 1 May 2025. IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 utilizes a revised model for recognition and measurement of financial instruments in a single, forward-looking “expected loss” impairment model.

The following is the Company’s new accounting policy for financial instruments under IFRS 9: Classification

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss (“FVTPL”), at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) (“FVTOCI”) or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of debt instruments is driven by the Company’s business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Equity instruments that are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as FVTOCI. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments used for trading or derivatives) or if the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

The Company’s financial instruments consist of cash, amounts receivable, advances and deposits, short-term investments, trade payables and due to related parties.

Fair Values

As of 31 January 2026,	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash	4,130,422	-	-	4,130,422
Short-term investments – shares	1,849,597	-	-	1,849,597
Total financial assets at fair value	5,980,019	-	-	5,980,019

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises primarily from the Company’s cash and cash equivalents and amounts receivable. The Company manages its credit risk relating to cash and cash equivalents by dealing with only highly rated financial institutions. For the period ended 31 January 2026, amounts receivable were mainly comprised of the amount receivable from a related party and amount receivable from JV.

Currency Risk

For the period ended 31 January 2026, the Company’s operations were mainly in Canada. The Company considers its currency risk to be insignificant.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have sufficient cash resources to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if its access to the capital market is hindered. The Company has no source of revenue and has obligations to meet its administrative overheads, maintain its mineral investments and to settle amounts payable to its creditors. The Company has been successful in raising equity financing in the past; however, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. As at 31 January 2026, the Company had working capital of \$6,133,093 (30 April 2025: \$3,811,416).

Other risks

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk and commodity price risk arising from financial instruments.

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS.

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management was as follows:

31 January	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Short-term benefits – management and consulting fees	253,897	384,187
Total key management personnel compensation	253,897	384,187

The assets and liabilities of the Company include the following amount due to related parties:

As at 31 January,	2026	2025
	\$	\$
MetalQuest (Note 6)	70,911	62,301
Total amount due from related parties	70,911	62,301

Related party expenses are summarized as follows:

Period ended 31 January	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Shared office and consulting fees recoveries from MQM	(31,518)	(27,119)
Rent expense before shared office recoveries to the CEO	8,340	6,255
Rent expense before shared office recoveries to 3699030 Canada Inc. (Note 19)	42,292	46,490
Consulting fees to the Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”)	36,000	32,000
Management fees to Canadian Gravity Recovery Inc. (“CGR”) (Note 19)	194,497	324,787
Consulting fees to 873285 BC Ltd.	23,400	23,400
Total related party expenditures	240,611	384,753

19. OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

The Company is authorized to issue unlimited common shares without par value. As of 31 January 2026, there were 72,894,562 issued and outstanding common shares (30 April 2025: 55,559,259).

Outstanding 30 Apr 2025	Granted	Exercised	Expired	Cancelled	Outstanding 31 Jan 2026	Exercise price	Expiry date
400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000	\$0.72	14 June 2026
245,833	-	-	-	4,167	241,666	\$0.84	15 July 2026
112,500	-	-	-	-	112,500	\$0.40	6 June 2027
-	2,925,000	-	-	300,000	2,625,000	\$0.56	9 September 2030
-	2,120,000	-	-	-	2,120,000		
1,208,333	5,045,000	-	-	304,167	5,499,166		

Share Purchase Warrants

Number of warrants	Exercise price	Expiry date
250,000	\$0.80	1 February 2027
5,410,840	\$0.40	3 October 2028
142,307	\$0.26	3 October 2028
1,842,378	\$0.40	10 October 2028
172,902	\$0.26	10 October 2028
1,243,288	\$0.40	17 October 2028
88,337	\$0.26	17 October 2028
9,150,052		

20. DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that all relevant information is gathered and reported on a timely basis to senior management so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure. As at the end of the period covered by this MD&A, management had evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as required by Canadian securities laws. Based on the evaluation of the disclosure controls carried out to date, the Company determined that it should strengthen internal controls over financial reporting and has engaged an additional external accounting firm to provide more specific and detailed advice on increasing the effectiveness of internal control.

21. INTERNAL CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Internal controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS. As at the end of the period covered by this MD&A, management had designed and implemented internal controls and procedures as required by Canadian securities laws. Management continues to review and refine its internal controls and procedures.

22. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The mineral industry is intensely competitive in all its phases. The Company competes with other companies that have greater financial resources and experience. The market price of precious metals and other minerals is volatile and cannot be controlled, and mineral exploration is inherently speculative. There is no certainty that money spent on exploration and development will result in the discovery of an economic ore body. The Company has limited financial resources, no source of operating cash flows and no assurance that sufficient funding will be available to continue exploration, development or fulfillment of obligations under option or joint venture agreements.

23. NEW PROJECT ACQUISITION

PROGRAM

The Company reviews properties for acquisition on an ongoing basis.

24. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- On 11 February 2026, the Company announced acquisition by staking of the Platreef PGM Project, a PGM-Ni-Cu exploration property in Northwestern Ontario within the Lac des Îles Igneous Complex.
- On 12 February 2026, the Company announced acquisition by staking of the southern extension of the Northern Shield Platinum Group Metals–Copper–Nickel and Critical Minerals Project in Ontario’s Ring of Fire, increasing the total project footprint to approximately 32,000 hectares.
- On 24 February 2026, the Company announced that it had acquired and consolidated the Double R Gold Project through staking in the Kenora Mining District, northwestern Ontario, bringing the project to 834 mining claims totalling 17,620 hectares.
- On 26 February 2026, the Company announced acquisition by staking the Escape East Project, a 100%-owned PGM-Ni-Cu exploration property comprising approximately 4,000 hectares in the Thunder Bay Mining Division of Northwestern Ontario.